THORACIC SURGERY

PAPER-I

Time: 3 hours TH.SURG/D/20/51/I

Max. Marks:100

Important Instructions:

- You are provided with 5 answer sheet booklets. Each individual answer sheet booklet consists of 10 pages excluding the covering jackets.
- Answers to all the questions must be attempted within these 5 answer sheet booklets which must be later tagged together at the end of the exam.
- No additional supplementary answer sheet booklet will be provided.
- Attempt all questions in order.
- Each question carries 10 marks.
- Read the guestion carefully and answer to the point neatly and legibly.
- Do not leave any blank pages between two answers.
- Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space.
- Answer all the parts of a single question together.
- Start the answer to a question on a fresh page or leave adequate space between two answers.
- Draw table/diagrams/flowcharts wherever appropriate.

Write short notes on:

1.	a)	Discuss about the development of diaphragm. Enumerate the various types of diaphragmatic hernia.	5+5
2.	,	Illustrate with diagram about broncho-pulmonary segments. Fibre optic bronchoscopy – Indications, technique and uses.	4+6
3.	b)	Explain about the bucket handle and pump handle movements of chest. Fick's Law of diffusion. Diffusing lung capacity for carbon monoxide.	4+3+3
4.	,	Clinical significance of pulmonary function tests. How will you predict the postoperative lung function after lung resection?	7+3
5.	,	Pulmonary sequestration. Pulmonary arteriovenous malformation.	5+5
6.	b)	Pectus excavatum. Fallen lung sign of Kumpe. Benefits of Endobronchial ultrasound.	5+2+3
7.	b) c)	Monod sign and its significance. Phantom tumour of the lung. Fleischner sign and Knuckle sign. Catamenial pneumothorax.	2+3+2+3
8.	,	Computerized tomography chest scoring of viral pneumonia. Pathophysiology of bronchiectasis and its management.	5+5
9.	,	Pulmonary mucormycosis. Management of multidrug resistant pulmonary tuberculosis.	5+5
10.	a)	Immunosuppressive therapy after lung transplant.	5+5

b) Current TNM (Tumour-Node-Metastasis) staging in lung cancer.