

RURAL SURGERY

PAPER-III

Time: 3 hours

RURAL/D/20/44/III

Max. Marks:100

Important Instructions:

- *You are provided with 5 answer sheet booklets. Each individual answer sheet booklet consists of 10 pages excluding the covering jackets.*
- *Answers to all the questions must be attempted within these 5 answer sheet booklets which must be later tagged together at the end of the exam.*
- *No additional supplementary answer sheet booklet will be provided.*
- *Attempt all questions in order.*
- *Each question carries 10 marks.*
- *Read the question carefully and answer to the point neatly and legibly.*
- *Do not leave any blank pages between two answers.*
- *Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space.*
- *Answer all the parts of a single question together.*
- *Start the answer to a question on a fresh page or leave adequate space between two answers.*
- *Draw table/diagrams/flowcharts wherever appropriate.*

Write short notes on:

1. a) What are the causes of jaundice during pregnancy? 2+(3+3)+2
b) How would you investigate and manage a pregnant woman having jaundice at 30 weeks of pregnancy?
c) What complications can occur in her?
2. a) Define fetal growth retardation. 2+3+5
b) Enlist its causes.
c) How would you manage a pregnant woman with growth retardation diagnosed at 34 weeks?
3. a) Write the physiology of normal menstruation using a diagram. 5+2+3
b) What do you understand by heavy menstrual bleeding?
c) Enlist the causes of heavy menstrual bleeding during the reproductive years.
4. What is Copper IUCD insertion at the time of caesarean section called? Write its contradictions, follow up and complications. 2+(3+2+3)
5. a) What is eclampsia? 2+4+2+2
b) Enlist its maternal and fetal complications.
c) What is the drug of choice for eclampsia?
d) Where should the patient be managed?
6. a) Define polyhydramnios. 2+3+5
b) Enlist its causes.
c) How would you manage a pregnant woman with polyhydramnios at 34 weeks?
7. a) What are the various types of episiotomies? 2+2+3+3
b) What are the structures cut during episiotomy?
c) Enlist its complications.
d) Post-delivery care of episiotomy. **P.T.O.**

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8. a) Define ectopic pregnancy. 2+2+2+3+1
b) What are its causes?
c) How can an unruptured tubal pregnancy be diagnosed?
d) What are the criteria for its medical management?
e) Which drug is commonly used for the medical management of unruptured tubal pregnancy?
9. What are the signs and symptoms of vaginal candidiasis? 3+2+(3+2)
How would you confirm the diagnosis? Discuss the causes and treatment of vaginal candidiasis.
10. a) What are uterine fibroids? 2+3+2+3
b) Write the common symptoms caused by fibroids.
c) How would you confirm the diagnosis?
d) How would you manage a 30 year old, P2L2, having a 3x3 cm submucous symptomatic fibroid?
